



WATER QUALITY NETWORK HABITAT ASSESSMENT

WATERBODY NAME _____ STR CODE/RMI _____

STATION NUMBER _____ LOCATION _____

DATE _____ TIME _____

AQUATIC ECOREGION _____ COUNTY _____

INVESTIGATORS _____

FORM COMPLETED BY _____ **RIFFLE/RUN PREVALENCE**

Habitat Parameter	Category			
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
1. Instream Cover (Fish) SCORE _____	Greater than 50% mix of boulder, cobble, submerged logs, undercut banks, or other stable habitat. 20 19 18 17 16	30-50% mix of boulder, cobble, or other stable habitat; adequate habitat. 15 14 13 12 11	10-30% mix of boulder, cobble, or other stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable. 10 9 8 7 6	Less than 10% mix of boulder, cobble, or other stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious. 5 4 3 2 1
2. Epifaunal Substrate SCORE _____	Well developed riffle and run, riffle is as wide as stream and length extends two times the width of stream; abundance of cobble. 20 19 18 17 16	Riffle is as wide as stream but length is less than two times width; abundance of cobble; boulders and gravel common. 15 14 13 12 11	Run area may be lacking; riffle not as wide as stream and its length is less than two times the stream width; gravel or large boulders and bedrock prevalent; some cobble present. 10 9 8 7 6	Riffles or run virtually nonexistent; large boulders and bedrock prevalent; cobble lacking. 5 4 3 2 1
3. Embeddedness SCORE _____	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. 20 19 18 17 16	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment. 15 14 13 12 11	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50-75% surrounded by fine sediment. 10 9 8 7 6	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment. 5 4 3 2 1
4. Velocity/Depth Regimes SCORE _____	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). 20 19 18 17 16	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes). 15 14 13 12 11	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score lower than if missing other regimes). 10 9 8 7 6	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep). 5 4 3 2 1
5. Channel Alteration SCORE _____	No channelization or dredging present. 20 19 18 17 16	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present. 15 14 13 12 11	New embankments present on both banks; and 40-80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted. 10 9 8 7 6	Banks shored gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. 5 4 3 2 1
Total Side 1 _____				

RIFFLE/RUN PREVALENCE

Habitat Parameter	Category																			
	Optimal					Suboptimal					Marginal					Poor				
6. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.					Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from coarse gravel; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.					Moderate deposition of new gravel, coarse sand on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstruction, constriction, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.					Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
7. Frequency of Riffles	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream equals 5 to 7; variety of habitat.					Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream equals 7 to 15.					Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.					Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between ratio >25.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
8. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.					Water fills > 75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.					Water fills 25-75% of the available channel and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.					Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
9. Condition of Banks	Banks stable; no evidence of erosion or bank failure.					Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over.					Moderately unstable; up to 60% of banks in reach have areas of erosion.					Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; on side slopes, 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
10. Bank Vegetative Protection	More than 90% of the streambank surface covered by vegetation.					70-90% of the streambank surface covered by vegetation.					50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation.					Less than 50% of the streambank surface covered by vegetation.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
11. Grazing or Other Disruptive Pressure	Vegetative disruption, through grazing or mowing, minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.					Disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					Disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					Disruption of vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 2 inches or less in average stubble height.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
12. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.					Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.					Width of riparian zone 6-12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.					Width of riparian zone <6 meters; little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.				
SCORE _____	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Total Side 2 _____																				
Total Score _____																				